Resolution No: 17-312

Introduced:

November 29, 2011

Adopted:

November 29, 2011

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: Government Operations and Fiscal Policy Committee

SUBJECT: Reserve and Selected Fiscal Policies

Background

- 1. Fiscal policy corresponds to the combined practices of government with respect to revenues, expenditures, debt management, and reserves.
- 2. Fiscal policies provide guidance for good public practice in the planning of expenditures, revenues, and funding arrangements for public services. They provide a framework within which budget, tax, and fee decisions should be made. Fiscal policies provide guidance toward a balance between program expenditure requirements and available sources of revenue to fund them.
- 3. As a best practice, governments must maintain adequate levels of fund balance to mitigate current and future risks (e.g., revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures) and to ensure stable tax rates. Fund balance levels are a crucial consideration, too, in long-term financial planning. Credit rating agencies monitor levels of fund balance and unrestricted fund balance in a government's general fund to evaluate a government's continued creditworthiness.
- 4. In FY10, the County experienced an unprecedented \$265 million decline in income tax revenues, and weathered extraordinary expenditure requirements associated with the H1N1 flu virus and successive and historic winter blizzards. The costs of these events totaled in excess of \$60 million, only a portion of which was budgeted and planned for.
- 5. In a memorandum dated April 22, 2010, the County Executive recommended that the County Council restore reserves first to the current 6% policy level for FY11 and also revise and strengthen policy levels in order to more appropriately position the County to weather economic cycles in the future, and to achieve structural balance in future budgets.
- 6. The County's financial adviser recommended that the County strengthen its policy on reserves and other fiscal policies to ensure budget flexibility and structural stability, and provided specific recommendations, which are reflected below.

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7. On June 29, 2010 the Council approved Resolution No. 16-1415, Reserve and Selected Fiscal Policies. This Resolution established a goal of achieving the Charter §310 maximum for the reserve in the General Fund of 5% of General Fund revenues in the preceding fiscal year, and of building up and maintaining the sum of Unrestricted General Fund Balance and Revenue Stabilization Fund Balance to 10% of Adjusted Governmental Revenues (AGR), as defined in the Revenue Stabilization Fund law.

8. The County's reserve policy should be further clarified and strengthened. This resolution replaces the reserve policy established in Resolution No. 16-1415.

Action

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following policies regarding reserve and selected fiscal matters:

1. Structurally Balanced Budget

Montgomery County must have a goal of a structurally balanced budget. Budgeted expenditures should not exceed projected recurring revenues plus recurring net transfers in minus the mandatory contribution to the required reserve for that fiscal year. Recurring revenues should fund recurring expenses. No deficit may be planned or incurred.

2. Use of One-Time Revenues

One-time revenues and revenues in excess of projections must be applied first to restoring reserves to policy levels or as required by law. If the County determines that reserves have been fully funded, then one-time revenues should be applied to non-recurring expenditures that are one-time in nature, PAYGO for the CIP in excess of the County's targeted goal, or unfunded liabilities. Priority consideration should be given to unfunded liabilities for retiree health benefits (OPEB) and pension benefits prefunding.

3. PAYGO

The County should allocate to the CIP each fiscal year as PAYGO at least 10% of the amount of general obligation bonds planned for issue that year.

4. Fiscal Plan

The County should adopt a fiscal plan that is structurally balanced, and that limits expenditures and other uses of resources to annually available revenues. The fiscal plan should also separately display reserves at policy levels, including additions to reserves to reach policy level goals.

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5. <u>County Government Reserve</u>

(a) **County Government Reserve.** The County Government Reserve has three components. The components of the budgeted reserve at the end of the next fiscal year are:

- (i) Reserve in the General Fund. The County's goal is that this reserve will be the maximum permitted by §310 of the Charter, which is 5% of revenues in the General Fund in the previous fiscal year;
- (ii) Reserve in the Revenue Stabilization Fund (RSF). This budgeted reserve at the end of the next fiscal year is the reserve at the beginning of the year, plus interest on the fund balance, plus a mandatory transfer from the General Fund, as defined in the Revenue Stabilization Fund law, plus a discretionary transfer if the Council approves one. The actual amount of the mandatory transfer is calculated in accordance with §20-68 of the Montgomery County Code; and
- (iii) Reserve in the other tax supported funds in County Government. The budgeted reserve at the end of the next fiscal year for the following funds Fire, Mass Transit, Recreation, Urban District, Noise Abatement, Economic Development, and Debt Service and any other tax supported County Government fund established after adoption of this resolution, should be the minimum reserve possible (as close as possible to zero, but not negative), since the Council sets the property tax rate to the nearest one tenth of 1¢.
- (b) Calculation of budgeted reserve as a percent of Adjusted Governmental Revenues. The target reserve as a percent of Adjusted Governmental Revenues is the sum of the reserves in the General Fund and the Revenue Stabilization Fund divided by Adjusted Governmental Revenues, as defined in the Revenue Stabilization Fund law. The reserves in the other tax supported funds in County Government are not included in this calculation.
- (c) Budgeted reserve as a percent of Adjusted Governmental Revenues. To reach the County's goal of 10% of AGR in 2020, the annual minimum target goals are:

FY13	6.4%
FY14	6.9%
FY15	7.4%
FY16	7.9%
FY17	8.4%
FY18	8.9%
FY19	9.4%
FY20 and after	10.0%

The Council may make a discretionary transfer each year from the General Fund to the Revenue Stabilization Fund, if necessary, to reach the target goal for each year. The 10% goal for FY20 and after must be reflected in the Revenue Stabilization Fund law.

6. Reserves in other agencies

The reserves for the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS), the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC), and Montgomery College (MC) are not included in the target reserves for County Government. The County's reserve policies for these agencies are:

- (a) MCPS. The Council should not budget any reserve for the MCPS Current Fund.
- (b) M-NCPPC. The reserve in the Park Fund should be approximately 4.0% of budgeted resources. The reserve in the Administration Fund should be approximately 3.0% of budgeted resources. The reserve in the Advance Land Acquisition Debt Service Fund should be the minimum reserve possible, since the Council sets the property tax rate to the nearest one tenth of 1¢.
- (c) Montgomery College. The reserve in the Current Fund should be 3.0% 5.0% of budgeted resources minus the annual contribution from the County. The target reserve in the Emergency Plant Maintenance and Repair Fund as stated in Resolution No. 11-2292, approved by the Council on October 16, 1990 "may accumulate up to \$1,000,000 in unappropriated fund balance, such goal to be attained over a period of years, as fiscal conditions permit."

7. Reports to Council

The Executive must report to the Council:

- (a) the prior year reserve and the current year reserve projection as part of the annual November/December fiscal plan update;
- (b) current and projected reserve balance in the Executive's annual Recommended Operating Budget;
- (c) any material changes expected to have a permanent impact on ending reserve fund balance; and
- (d) current and projected reserve balances in any proposed mid-year savings plan.

This is a correct copy of Council action.

Linda M. Lauer, Clerk of the Council